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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/757,453		01/15/2004	Junichiro Suzuki	031331	5057	
23850	7590	07/05/2006		EXAMINER		
	ARMSTRONG, KRATZ, QUINTOS, HANSON & BROOKS, LLP			BRUENJES, CHRISTOPHER P		
1725 K STF SUITE 1000	-	,		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHING	TON, DC	20006		1772		
	DATE MAILED: 07/05/200			6		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Applicant(s) Advisory Action 10/757,453 SUZUKI ET AL.

	Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit						
		Christopher P. Bruenjes	1772						
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address								
	EPLY FILED 12 June 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of his application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which								
	places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mu							
	The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection. The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.								
	Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	06.07(f).							
have under set fo may i	sions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of ex 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the strth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later educe any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) ICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origi r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropri inally set in the final Offi	ate extension fee ce action; or (2) as					
	The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	is of the date of e appeal. Since					
	NDMENTS The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, I	hut prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered by	acause					
J	(a) They raise new issues that would require further co			coause					
	(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo								
	(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	tter form for appeal by materially re-	ducing or simplifying	the issues for					
	(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.						
	NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).								
_	The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.13		mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).					
	Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s) Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be al non-allowable claim(s).	lowable if submitted in a separate,	•	·					
7. 🗌	For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided that the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	☐ will not be entered, or b) ☐ wil vided below or appended.	I be entered and an e	xplanation of					
	Claim(s) allowed:								
	Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:								
	Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:								
	DAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	A b of an an an about the second							
	The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	d sufficient reasons why the affidav	it or other evidence is	necessary and					
9. 🔲	The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary.	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fai	ls to provide a					
] The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation UEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ed.					
11. 🏻	The request for reconsideration has been considered bu see continuation sheet.			ice because:					
	Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (Other:	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	lo(s)						
13. L	J Outet								

Page 2

ADVISORY ACTION

REPEATED REJECTIONS

1. The 35 U.S.C. 103 rejections of claims 1-8 over Nishino et al in view of Nishi et al are repeated for the reasons set forth in the previous Office Action mailed November 3, 2005, Pages 3-5 Paragraph 2.

ANSWERS TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS

2. Applicant's arguments regarding the 35 U.S.C. 103 rejections of claims 1-8 over Nishino in view of Nishi have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to Applicant's argument that Nishi fails to teach polyester resins having a naphthalene ring as the outer layer, Nishino teaches the first, second and third layers of the claimed fuel hose and the rejection relies on Nishi for the teaching that a functional group is added to the innermost fluororesin layer in order to improve adhesion between the fluororesin layer and non-fluorinated layers since fluororesins are known to have low adhesive properties. Nishi teaches that a functional group added to a fluororesin layer improves the adhesion to multiple thermoplastic materials including polyamides and polyesters. Nishino teaches that the middle

layer bonded to the fluororesin layer contains polyamide and polyester. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time Applicant's invention was made to add a functional group to the fluororesin layer of Nishino in order to improve the adhesion between the fluororesin layer and the polyamide and polyester containing middle layer of Nishino, since a functional group added to fluororesin improves adhesion to non-fluorinated thermoplastic layers, as taught by Nishi.

In response to Applicant's argument that Nishino does not teach an embodiment in which the innermost layer comprises fluororesin and the adhesive layer between the innermost and the low fuel permeability layer comprises a blend of polyamide and polyester resins, Nishino specifically teaches what the adhesive comprises in cases where the innermost layer is composed of fluorine type resin and the middle layer is composed of a polyalkylene naphthalene resin. In these cases, the adhesive layer comprises a melted mixture of fluorine type resin or rubber and a polyester type resin or elastomer (col.9, 1.27-37). Nishino goes on to teach that the in order to obtain a still more uniformly mixed adhesive resin and to increase the adhesive properties thereof, the adhesive layer further comprises a polyamide type elastomer (col.9, 1.37-43). Therefore, the

Art Unit: 1772

adhesive layer of Nishino comprises polyamide resin, and polyester resin, as well as fluororesin. Thus, since the adhesive layer is defined in Applicant's claims with open language of "comprising" the adhesive layer is open any resins as long as the adhesive layer contains the two claimed.

In response to Applicant's argument that Nishi teaches away from a combination with Nishino, both Nishino and Nishi teach multi-layered fuel hoses, and the rejection relies on the Nishino fuel hose with the addition of a functional group to the fluororesin layer of Nishino for improving adhesion between the fluororesin layer of Nishino and the adhesive layer of Nishino since the middle layer of Nishino contains non-fluorinated materials.

In response to Applicant's argument that Nishino does not teach a blend of polyamide and polyester resin for forming the adhesive layer, see the response presented above. Furthermore, the polyamide type elastomer taught in the blend forming the adhesive layer of Nishino reads on the claimed polyamide resin, because a polyamide type elastomer is a polyamide resin, and the claimed invention does not claim that the polyamide resin is specifically polyamide 6 or polyamide 12. Also, Applicant's claimed adhesive layer is claimed in open claim language of "comprising". Therefore, any adhesive layer containing

Art Unit: 1772

polyamide resin and polyester resin reads on the claimed adhesive layer regardless of how many other resins are blended.

In response to Applicant's argument that the fuel hoses of Nishi and Nishino cannot be combined because they are completely different, both teachings are regarding fuel hoses having a fluororesin innermost layer and non-fluorinated outer layers. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time Applicant's invention would have looked to both references and would have combined the teachings in order to arrive at a fuel hose with improved adhesion between the innermost fluorinated layer and non-fluorinated outer layers.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher P. Bruenjes whose telephone number is 571-272-1489. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday from 8:00am-4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon can be reached on 571-272-1498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/757,453 Page 6

Art Unit: 1772

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Christopher P Bruenjes Examiner

Art Unit 1772

CPB CPB

June 28, 2006

William P. WATKINS III

PRIMARY EXAMINER